Reye’s Syndrome usually appears after a flu-like illness, upper respiratory infection, chicken pox, etc. It has been reported in children and adults.

The early signs are usually continuous vomiting, listlessness, loss of pep, aggressiveness, confusion and irrational behavior.

Medicines at the very least can mask symptoms. DO NOT give your child aspirin or anti-nausea medicine.

Phone your doctor immediately. If the doctor is unavailable, contact your closest hospital emergency team.

Abnormal Liver Test: SGOT and SGPT strongly suggest a diagnosis of Reye’s Syndrome. Also there may be elevations in the blood ammonia level.

Time is important! Early diagnosis is VITAL!

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National Reye’s Syndrome Foundation, Inc., 2007